
EAST YORKSHIRE SOLAR FARM

**East Yorkshire Solar Farm
EN010143**

Consultation Report Appendices

**Appendix P4 Section 42(1)(d)
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Appendix P4: Section 42(1)(d) Responses to Statutory Consultation and the Applicant’s responses

A.1 Section 42(1)(d) Responses to Statutory Consultation and the Applicant’s responses

The tables provided below evidence the regard had to responses received to the Applicant’s statutory consultation in accordance with Section 49 of PA 2008. Please note that respondent comments are featured here verbatim - spelling and grammar have not been amended. Personal details have been redacted.

Table 1. Section 42(1)(d) Responses to Statutory Consultation and the Applicant’s responses

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant’s response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Alternatives and Design Evolution				
Case for the Scheme	Should not be using farm land when there are other options e.g. new houses commercial property etc.	W18	N	<p>The Applicant sought to identify brownfield land and non-agricultural land that could be used for the Scheme. These land types were identified within the refined area of search by checking the local authority brownfield register and local knowledge. No suitable areas of brownfield or non-agricultural land which would be able to form part of the Solar PV Site were identified within the search area.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN10143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Consideration of alternative location	I appreciate that the proposal is close to Drax Power Station but there are many industrial areas and new buildings in the area that should be used for solar energy before considering the countryside.	W12	N	<p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed.</p> <p>The Applicant sought to identify brownfield land and non-agricultural land that could be used for the Scheme. These land types were identified within the refined area of search by checking the local authority brownfield register and local knowledge. No suitable areas of brownfield or non-agricultural land which would be able to form part of the Solar PV Site were identified within the search area.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN10143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.</p>
Consideration of residents	Have we and our neighbouring properties even been considered in this life changing development?	W11	N	Residential homeowners, owners and users of other properties, and the local community have been considered all the way through the process. Offsets have been applied to residential properties, Public Rights of Way, and our planting and screening proposals have sought to avoid and minimise likely significant effects. The Applicant carried out non statutory and statutory consultation to listen to comments from local residents and has sought to

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>reflect these in the DCO Application wherever practical.</p> <p>The Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] demonstrates consideration of local residences in each technical chapter, including as a part of a socio-economic impact assessment of the Scheme, see Chapter 12: Socio-Economics and Land Use within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p>
Consideration of residents	<p>During the non-statutory consultation Boom said that it would listen to residents' views. Since this consultation the area of the solar farm at Gribthorpe has been increased from 220 acres to 480 acres; that is more than double that of the original consultation. In documents received by our MP, this was said to be used for mitigation purposes. Only a small area is proposed to be used for mitigation (80 acres of grassland and wetland) and overall, the village of Gribthorpe is undeniably taking far more of the burden of this industrial landscape than originally proposed. Boom has clearly shown that it has no intention of listening to or taking action on the views of Gribthorpe residents. How</p>	W20	Y	<p>Following the Statutory Consultation, the Applicant's design team considered the feedback provided as well as feedback provided through ongoing engagement with key consultees. The existing storage barns proposed to be used during construction and operation located east of Gribthorpe which were in Solar PV Area 1g were removed from the Scheme. This change has been in response to concerns regarding increased crime and operational traffic travelling through the hamlet of Gribthorpe to existing storage barns proposed to be used during operation of the Scheme.</p> <p>The solar PV infrastructure in Solar PV Areas 1g and 1h was also removed following discussion with the landowners and feedback regarding the scale of the Scheme. This land is proposed as the Ecology Mitigation Area providing mitigation for Golden Plover and Pink Footed Geese as required by the Habitats</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
	does this represent listening to our views?			<p>Regulation Assessment (HRA) [EN010143/APP/7.12].</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.</p>
Consideration of residents	I would like to strongly object to the proposed solar energy plant. The scale of this development is far beyond what the local community should be asked to endure.	W20	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.
Consideration of residents	A compensation fund should be set up which is targeted at those residents who are most affected, such as those within 500m of solar fields (i.e. Gribthorpe, Spaldington, Brind, Willitoft). Energy vouchers would be a simple way of achieving this, they could be linked to the solar output produced per annum. The fund should not be aimed at communities who will see little impact such as Bubwith/Howden.	W20	Y	Comment noted. The Applicant is exploring the use of a community benefit fund as part of the Scheme and aims to work with local organisations that will best spend the money to support the community. During Statutory Consultation, responses were sought on causes which the fund might support. There may be opportunities to fund projects which have a specific focus on education or skills, or which inform young people, workers, local residents and visitors about the Scheme more generally. The criteria for the allocation of funding has not yet been set and the Applicant welcomes these suggestions.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Design of the cable route	There is already a cable route with pylons on the other side of the river to us so why cannot that be used?	W13	N	The River Derwent to the west of the Solar PV Site has several Biodiversity designations including Ramsar, Special Protection Area (SPA) and Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). Therefore, works to cross these designations for cabling to the west of the river has been avoided and was not considered an appropriate alternative; being in close proximity to these designations would potentially result in significant adverse effects on these designations. An underground cable route was also chosen to minimise the visual and landscape effects resulting from the Scheme. Using existing above ground infrastructure in the area is also not feasible without significant upgrades. More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution , within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN10143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.
Design of the cable route	Totally disagree with the need to connect as no logic in the masterplan. New generation offshore wind turbines will produce more electricity than the proposed sites!	W24	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.
Impacts of noise and	We strongly feel it [the substation] should be repositioned on the opposite	W11	N	After consideration of comments received at Statutory Consultation, the proposed Grid Connection

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
consideration of alternative location for substation	side of the railway (on the Rowlandhall Farm side) out of view and earshot of several surrounding properties and would be a much more sensible & considerate location.			Substations have been relocated to Solar PV Area 1c. More information can be found within Chapter 2 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Scheme. The design evolution is discussed in Chapter 3 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] .
Impacts on food security	Solar Panels should be on roofs not on farm land which is required for food security	W14	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for large scale ground mounted solar generation, within section Error! Reference source not found. It is not considered that small scale generation is an alternative to this but complements it. The Applicant has undertaken a review of the brownfield registers to identify any brownfield sites which may be suitable. This has identified no brownfield sites that are of a suitable size and location for the Scheme. More information can be found within Chapter 3 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution. The farmed land will be available for animal husbandry, alongside the PV panels, through the lifetime of the proposed development. On decommissioning, the agricultural land classification grading of soils will be unaltered from baseline conditions. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.
Impacts on food security	I think we need farmland for growing food solar panels belong on roofs	W22	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for large scale ground mounted solar generation, within section Error! Reference source not found. It is not considered that small scale generation is an alternative to this but complements it. The Applicant has undertaken a review of the brownfield registers to identify any brownfield sites which may be suitable. This has identified no brownfield sites that are of a suitable size and location for the Scheme. More information can be found within Chapter 3 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution. The farmed land will be available for animal husbandry, alongside the PV panels, through the lifetime of the proposed development. On decommissioning, the agricultural land classification grading of soils will be unaltered from baseline conditions. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.
Impacts on food security and justification	Solar panels should not be on farm land which is required for food security when there are plenty of building roofs that can accommodate the need.	W14	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for large scale ground mounted solar generation, within section Error! Reference s

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
justification for the Scheme	when there are plenty of building roofs that can accommodate the need.			Source not found.. It is not considered that small scale generation is an alternative to this but complements it. The Applicant has undertaken a review of the brownfield registers to identify any brownfield sites which may be suitable. This has identified no brownfield sites that are of a suitable size and location for the Scheme. More information can be found within Chapter 3 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution. The farmed land will be available for animal husbandry, alongside the PV panels, through the lifetime of the proposed development. On decommissioning, the agricultural land classification grading of soils will be unaltered from baseline conditions.
Location of solar panels	and panels should be put on roofs	W04	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for large scale ground mounted solar generation, within section Error! Reference s ource not found.. It is not considered that small scale generation is an alternative to this but complements it. The Applicant has undertaken a review of the brownfield registers to identify any brownfield sites which may be suitable. This has identified no brownfield sites that are of a suitable size and location for the Scheme. More information can be found within Chapter 3 within Volume 1 of the Environmental

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				Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.
Climate				
Concerns over carbon footprint	This development will do nothing to help climate change/net zero because of the colossal carbon footprint.	W05	N	<p>As detailed in the Climate Change assessment a full lifecycle greenhouse gas assessment has been conducted. This assessment quantified the carbon footprint of the Scheme from the raw material stage to decommissioning, making conservative assumptions where necessary. Comparing the Scheme against a gas fired generating station (currently the most carbon-efficient fossil-fuelled technology available) an overall lifetime carbon reduction of over 5.5 million tCO₂e was quantified. More information can be found within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Climate Change.</p> <p>Section 6.4 within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] explains that it would take three years of operation to break even on carbon emissions.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Climate Change.</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
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Concerns over carbon footprint	Rare earth metals depletion along with toxic.	W24	N	<p>The Applicant will source the most appropriate materials to deliver the Scheme. The technical complexity of our project means that some materials will be sourced from countries outside the UK. The majority of the panels will be recyclable and rare earth metals can be recovered and reused. The waste and recycling chapter of Chapter 16: Other Environmental Topics, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] discusses this further.</p> <p>The Framework Skills, Supply Chain and Employment Plan [EN010143/APP/7.15] provides an overview of the Applicant's commitments to the supply chain and is secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 of the Draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1].</p>
Concerns over carbon footprint	I think too much energy and natural resources will be used in this solar farm	W21	N	<p>The Applicant will source the most appropriate materials to deliver the Scheme. The technical complexity of our projects this means that some materials will be sourced from countries outside the UK. The context of the needs of the project and the availability of quality materials is a key consideration. More information can be found within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Climate Change.</p> <p>As detailed in the Climate Change assessment a full lifecycle greenhouse gas assessment has been conducted. This assessment quantified the carbon footprint of the Scheme from the raw material stage to</p>

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				<p>decommissioning, making conservative assumptions where necessary. Comparing the Scheme against a gas fired generating station (currently the most carbon-efficient fossil-fuelled technology available) an overall lifetime carbon reduction of over 5.5 million tCO₂e was quantified. More information can be found within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Climate Change.</p> <p>The Framework Skills, Supply Chain and Employment Plan [EN010143/APP/7.15] provides an overview of the Applicant's commitments to the supply chain and is secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 of the Draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1].</p>
Concerns over duration for Scheme impact duration	It will take years and years for it to make any impact at all, if ever.	W05	N	<p>As detailed in the Climate Change assessment a full lifecycle greenhouse gas assessment has been conducted. This assessment quantified the carbon footprint of the Scheme from the raw material stage to decommissioning, making conservative assumptions where necessary. Comparing the Scheme against a gas fired generating station (currently the most carbon-efficient fossil-fuelled technology available) an overall lifetime carbon reduction of over 5.5 million tCO₂e was quantified. More information can be found within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Climate Change.</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				Section 6.4 within Chapter 6 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] explains that it would take three years of operation to break even on carbon emissions.
Consultation and Engagement				
Concerns with quality of consultation including under explanation of effects	I think all the presentations have been well carried out but have not really described the effect on our area this project will have.	W10	N	Comment noted. Since the statutory consultation was undertaken the Environmental Impact Assessment process has been completed for the Scheme with the assessments detailing the likely environmental effects reported in technical Chapters 6 to 16 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] . Please also refer to the Environmental Statement Non-Technical Summary [EN010143/APP/6.4] .
Stakeholder engagement	Has Network Rail & the Highways even been consulted about this proposal?	W11	N	The Applicant has consulted with relevant prescribed consultees in relation to the Scheme. This is described in Chapter 13 Transport and Access of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] .
Cost of the Scheme				
The Scheme is a poor investment	Total waste of time and money	W04	N	Comment noted. The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.

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Decommissioning				
Waste	What proposals are there for recycling solar panels at the end of their useful life?	W12	N	A Framework Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan (DEMP) [EN010143/APP/7.9] (which is secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]), has been submitted as part of the DCO Application and includes mitigation measures to encourage the use of lower-carbon and more climate resilient methods. This includes the removal and recycling all PV modules, poles, inverters, and transformers where possible, in accordance with good practice and market conditions at the time. The preparation of a Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan ahead of decommissioning will be a DCO Requirement and will align with expectations and good practice at the time. More information can be found within Chapter 16 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Other Environmental Topics including Materials and Waste.
Ecology				
Ecological Surveys	Has anyone at Boom considered the two large mature oak trees which stand either side of the proposed entrance?.	W11	Y	After consideration of comments received at Statutory Consultation, further detailed highways work, and the relocation of the proposed Grid Connection Substation to Solar PV Area 1c, this site access proposed at the PEI Reporting stage (identified as Site Access 22 on Figure 2-3 of the PEI Report) is no longer part of the

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				<p>proposals and access into this Solar PV Area has been relocated further north.</p> <p>The mature trees which were identified at Site Access 22 at PEI Reporting stage will therefore not be impacted by the Scheme. A tree survey and Arboricultural Impact Assessment have been undertaken for the Scheme (Appendix 10-5, Volume 2 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.2]) and the trees are shown on the Tree Protection Plan in Appendix 10-5, Volume 2 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.2] as not impacted by the Scheme.</p>
Impacts on wildlife	It is an abomination to suggest that wildlife will still be able to move by 'digging under the fences' and other such nonsensical rubbish.	W05	N	<p>The solar PV fence will be installed early in the construction phase to secure the Order limits and prevent construction activity in proximity to peripheral habitats and retained habitats within the Order limits. The fence will be set back from the retained habitats such as hedgerows, woodlands and watercourses around each area, allowing access around and into adjacent areas. The fence design will include gaps to allow small mammals that may use the enclosed habitats, including, badger, brown hare and hedgehog, to pass underneath at strategic locations and into and across the Solar PV areas. Any temporary fencing present during construction and permanent perimeter fencing will also allow continued movement of otter along watercourses where they have been found to be</p>

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				<p>present. The location of the proposed indicative fencing can be viewed on the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (which is secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) and is described in Chapter 2 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Scheme. There is a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] requiring details of the fencing to be approved prior to commencement of the Scheme.</p>
Impacts on wildlife	Totally inadequate there are numerous species of animals and birds that will be destroyed by this construction site	W04	N	<p>The assessment of effects on ecology is presented in Chapter 8 Ecology of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p> <p>Good industry practice construction methods, as detailed in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) [EN010143/APP/7.7] (which is secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) includes implementation of measures to minimise noise, lighting and vibration disturbance, and consequently this will minimise disturbance to a range of species present in adjacent and retained habitats. Sensitive habitats, including (but not limited to) the River Derwent, River Ouse and Featherbed Drain will be crossed using non-intrusive horizontal directional drilling. Buffers of land between</p>

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			<p>any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species.</p> <p>The applicant is committed to provide Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) of at least 10%. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11].</p>
<p>Impacts on wildlife</p>	<p>Your representatives could not answer any of our questions about wildlife and ecology. They seemed pretty clueless stating ridiculous things like 'wildlife don't go on crops' or 'there is no wildlife on these designated fields'. 'Wildlife only stay in the hedgerows and don't go into the crops'. 'The industrialisation process won't displace any wildlife!!! Installing the panels will bring lots of birds and insects to the areas they don't go anywhere near the crops' What?????? I could go on & on & on...</p>	<p>W05</p>	<p>N</p> <p>The assessment of effects on ecology is presented in Chapter 8 Ecology of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p> <p>Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species.</p> <p>The applicant is committed to provide Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) of at least 10%. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11]. The BNG assessment</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>demonstrates that in comparison to the existing habitats present onsite, the proposed habitats will offer measured gains for biodiversity throughout its operation.</p> <p>Good industry practice construction methods, as detailed in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] and secured by a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1], includes implementation of measures to minimise noise, lighting and vibration disturbance and consequently, this will minimise disturbance to a range of species present in adjacent and retained habitats.</p>
Impacts on wildlife	I think deer movement will be greatly restricted which is conveniently smoothed over when discussed	W10	N	<p>The solar PV fence will be set back from the retained habitats such as hedgerows, woodlands and watercourses around each area, allowing access around and into adjacent areas. The fence design will include gaps to allow mammals that may use retained habitats, including, badger, brown hare and hedgehog, to pass underneath at strategic locations and into and across the Solar PV areas. Deer will be able to access fields in a similar way to now and manoeuvre around field edges and in areas outside the solar PV field fencing.</p> <p>The proposed indicative fencing can be viewed in the N[EN010143/APP/7.14] and is described in Chapter 2</p>

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				<p>within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Scheme.</p> <p>There is a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] requiring details of the fencing to be approved prior to commencement of the Scheme.</p>
Impacts on wildlife	and the wildlife will not recover!	W13	N	<p>Chapter 8 Ecology, Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] presents the findings of an assessment of the likely significant effects of the proposed Scheme on ecology. The chapter identifies and proposes measures to address the potential impacts and likely significant effects of the Scheme on ecology, during the construction, operation, and decommissioning phases of the Scheme.</p> <p>Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species.</p> <p>Good industry practice construction methods, as detailed in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] and secured through the DCO, includes implementation of measures to minimise</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				noise, lighting and vibration disturbance and consequently, this will minimise disturbance to a range of species present in adjacent and retained habitats.
Impacts on wildlife	not to mention clearing the animals from the area which is one of the only pastimes I have left to watch and enjoy in my quiet comfortable home.	W13	N	<p>Chapter 8 Ecology, Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] presents the findings of an assessment of the likely significant effects of the proposed Scheme on ecology. The chapter identifies and proposes measures to address the potential impacts and likely significant effects of the Scheme on ecology, during the construction, operation, and decommissioning phases of the Scheme.</p> <p>Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11].</p>
Impacts on wildlife	Wildlife WILL be massively affected. Deer, badgers, brown hare, skylark, oyster catcher, linnets buzzards, red kites - many many more species of	W05	N	The security perimeter fence will be implemented early in the construction phase to secure the Order limits and prevent construction activity in proximity to peripheral habitats and retained habitats within the

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
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	birds and animals DO exist on these fields. We see them and hear them every day. Restricting their freedom to roam will result in injuries and death.			<p>Order limits. The fence will be set back from the retained habitats such as hedgerows, woodlands and watercourses around each area, allowing access around and into adjacent areas. The fence design will include gaps to allow small mammals that may use retained habitats, including, badger, brown hare and hedgehog, to pass underneath at strategic locations and into and across the Solar PV areas. Any temporary fencing present during construction and permanent perimeter fencing will also allow continued movement of otter along watercourses where they have been found to be present.</p> <p>Chapter 8 Ecology, Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] presents the findings of an assessment of the likely significant effects of the proposed Scheme on ecology. The level of survey effort is summarised in Section 8.5 Baseline Conditions of the chapter.</p> <p>There is a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] requiring details of the fencing to be approved prior to commencement of the Scheme.</p>
Impacts on wildlife	Damage to wildlife habitat.	W06	N	<p>Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>range of species.</p> <p>Good industry practice construction methods, as detailed in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] and secured through the DCO, includes implementation of measures to minimise noise, lighting and vibration disturbance and consequently, this will minimise disturbance to a range of species present in adjacent and retained habitats.</p> <p>Chapter 8 Ecology, Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] presents the findings of an assessment of the likely significant effects of the proposed Scheme on ecology</p>
Impacts on wildlife	Very strongly disagree, it can do nothing other than alter and destroy the East Yorkshire landscape and habitats within!!	W24	N	<p>Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11].</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 8 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Ecology.</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				The impact on landscape character is assessed within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] .
Impacts on wildlife	This will destroy local habitat	W25	N	Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11] . More information can be found within Chapter 8 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Ecology.
Impacts on wildlife	No matter how long or careful this will take it will have only a negative impact on the people who have lived here for years along with the wildlife on their doorsteps.	W27	N	Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species. More information can be found within the

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11].</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 8 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Ecology.</p>
Nature reserves	The cable route shown incorporates a verge nature reserve which goes from cress common near Wressle past brickyard farm to Brind	W10	N	<p>Information on designated sites, including local nature reserves has been obtained from North & East Yorkshire Ecological Data Centre. This data has been used to inform the Environmental Statement. More information can be found within Chapter 8 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Ecology.</p>
Flood Risk, Drainage and Water Environment				
Flood risk due to materials used	I haven't seen much on this but I have concerns about flooding if concrete is used. Still not convinced that this won't be used.	W05	N	<p>A Flood Risk Assessment has been produced for the Scheme which considers impact on flood risk for all sources (Appendix 9-3, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).</p> <p>A Framework Surface Water Drainage Strategy (Appendix 9-3, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) has also been produced for the Scheme to manage surface water runoff from Solar PV Area 1c where the Grid Connection Substations will be located. The scope of the strategy was agreed with the Ouse and Humber Drainage Board.</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Flood risk	You say the presence of the solar farm will not increase the local flood risk. How can you be sure of this?	W05	N	A Flood Risk Assessment has been produced for the Scheme, which considers impact on flood risk from all sources (Appendix 9-3, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]). As the solar PV panels will be raised, floodwater will be able to move freely beneath as per the existing scenario. Floodplain compensation areas will be provided to account for the small loss of floodplain volume due to the solar PV panels located within Flood Zone 3 to prevent an increase in flood risk to third party land. A Framework Surface Water Drainage Strategy has been prepared (Appendix 9-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) to manage surface water to prevent an increase in flood risk to third party land.
Flood Risk	We note from Boom's own survey the flood risk on the opposite side of the railway line is Zero compared to the north side of the line where potential risk exists.	W11	N	Since the statutory consultation a Flood Risk Assessment has been produced for the Scheme, which considers impact on flood risk from all sources (Appendix 9-3, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).
Insufficient information about flood risk in consultation materials	There is insufficient information in the brochure. Comments are merely paying Lip Service to flood risk	W12	N	The Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEI Report) itself is, by its very nature, an interim (preliminary) report which represents a point in time which is superseded, in due course, by the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.2] . Whilst the PEI Report contains sufficient information to inform the consultation process, in respect of the potential for significant effects, the final assessments are presented in the ES.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				A Flood Risk Assessment has been produced for the Scheme, which considers impact on flood risk from all sources (Appendix 9-3, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).
General				
Opposition	[Community fund options] All are important but should not rely on huge profit making organisations which detract from the environmental quality life of the East Riding of Yorks.	W24		Comment noted. Since the statutory consultation was undertaken the Environmental Impact Assessment process has been completed for the Scheme with the assessments detailing the likely environmental effects reported in technical Chapters 6 to 16 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] . Please also refer to the Environmental Statement Non-Technical Summary [EN010143/APP/6.4] .
Opposition	I do think the fact there is difficulty with grid connections is brilliant and hope you are not successful in getting one.	W05	N	Comment noted. The latest information on the connection arrangements is described in the Grid Connection Statement [EN010143/APP/7.7] .
Human Health				
Concerns of health impacts from change in air quality	I have an incurable disease and am disabled and feel this will have a huge impact on my health with the stress and fumes	W13	N	There are no operational emissions to air associated with the Scheme, and as such no anticipated changes to ambient air quality in the area. There will be temporary effects during construction, but construction vehicle volumes are below the threshold requiring assessment (i.e. below the level where any change to air quality would be anticipated). A worst-case construction dust risk assessment has been undertaken and appropriate site mitigation measures

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				<p>have been identified and will be put in place to ensure that no nuisance from dust emission during construction will occur.</p> <p>The Applicant has also carried out an Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) [EN010143/APP/7.16]. This EqIA demonstrates the Applicant's commitment to consider the interests of people who share protected characteristics, as defined by Equality Act 2010 including those who are disabled. No direct discrimination, harassment and victimisation of any protected characteristic group has been identified as a result of the Scheme.</p> <p>There is potential for the Scheme to result in disadvantage for some protected groups through the following:</p> <p>a. Increased noise levels for residents during construction, operation, and decommissioning. This could have a differential effect on those who are more sensitive to noise impacts such as children and disabled people or those who may spend more time at home such as older people. However, this will be mitigated through the development of measures specified in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) [EN010143/APP/7.7], Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP) [EN010143/APP/7.8], and Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan (DEMP) [EN010143/APP/7.9] – the specific</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>measures are secured in Schedule 2 of the Draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1].</p> <p>The health effects of the Scheme are considered at a population level. Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely impacts and effects of the Scheme including relating to air quality, noise and neighbourhood amenity. No significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment.</p>
Major Accidents or Disasters assessment	Potential fire hazards,	W24	N	<p>The Applicant has undertaken an assessment of the potential effects of the Scheme on the environment deriving from the vulnerability of the Scheme to risks of major accidents (including fire) and/or disasters. During construction, operation and decommissioning, the Scheme is not expected to have an effect on the environment due to the risk of a major accident occurring as a result of fire during construction and decommissioning. More information can be found within Chapter 16 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Other Environmental Topics including Major Accidents or Disasters.</p> <p>Health and Safety on site would be managed by the applicant during construction and decommissioning to mitigate the risk of fire, in line with legislative safety requirements. Minimising the risk of major accidents</p>

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				during construction, operation and decommissioning will be addressed through appropriate risk assessments as required in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] , Framework Operational Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.8] and Framework Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.9] . The implementation of those plans is secured via a requirement within Schedule 2 of the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] .
Land use				
Impacts on future tourism and residential use.	and will completely spoil enjoyment of the countryside for both residents and visitors.	W04	N	Chapter 12: Socio-Economics and Land Use, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] assesses the impact of the Scheme on visitor attractions. There are no visitor attractions within 500 m of the Order limits, with the nearest visitor attraction being Howden Windmill. Effects on enjoyment of the countryside are also considered in Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] and Chapter 11: Noise and Vibration [EN10143/APP/6.1] .
Landscape and Amenity				
Concerns with change in	This proposal is far too large and completely out of character for this rural area.	W05	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the

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landscape character				<p>proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.</p> <p>A Landscape and visual impact assessment has been undertaken which considered the likely significant effect on landscape character areas within the Scheme study area which is characterised by an intensively farmed agricultural landscape that contains human influences. The assessment indicates that there will be a significant effect on landscape character area Howden to Bubwith 5A during Operation Year 1 and Year 15 reducing to not significant during decommissioning arising from the Scheme. The assessment indicates that there will be a significant effect on the landscape character area West of Holme on Spalding Moor Farmland 5B during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant during Operation Year 15 and decommissioning. Significant impacts are limited to those landscape character areas that will be directly impacted by the Solar PV Areas.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity.</p> <p>In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting, hedgerow planting and enhancement of existing</p>

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				<p>hedgerows will enhance landscape condition and improve visual amenity as well as offering habitat and food resources for a range of species.</p> <p>The proposed landscape mitigation can be viewed in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
Concerns with change in landscape character	Having seen 2.3m panel solar farms with the same fencing you propose the view becomes very industrial and commercial looking.	W10	N	<p>The perimeter fencing will be a maximum height of 2.2m 'stock proof fence' mesh-type security fence that will be similar to and characteristic of stock fencing found within an agricultural landscape. Further detail is provided in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1],</p> <p>There is a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1], requiring details of the fencing to be approved prior to commencement of the Scheme.</p>
Concerns with proposed mitigation for visual impacts	Proposed screening will take years to mature	W10	N	<p>Comment noted.</p> <p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen prior to this. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
Concerns with proposed mitigation for visual impacts	I have seen a solar farm recently with fences like you propose and 2.3m panels and at close quarters it was quite a shock. It looked very industrial	W10	N	<p>The perimeter fencing will be a maximum height of 2.2m 'stock proof fence' mesh-type security fence that will be similar to and characteristic of stock fencing found within an agricultural landscape. Further detail is provided in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1].</p> <p>There is a requirement in Schedule 2 to the draft DCO [EN10143/APP/3.1] requiring details of the fencing to be approved prior to commencement of the Scheme.</p>
Concerns with proposed mitigation	I also think your proposed screenings will take about 10 years to do its job	W10	N	<p>Comment noted.</p> <p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15,</p>

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for visual impacts				<p>which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen prior to this. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity, and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
Concerns with proposed mitigation for visual impacts	Planting hedges and trees that in your words 'take 15 years to grow tall enough' is pointless because the landscape will be changed FOREVER! 40 years is NOT temporary. There is no mitigation on the planet that can make this monstrous development acceptable to me	W05	N	<p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen prior to this. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]). The assessment describes impacts less than 12-month duration as temporary; the operational impacts are described as long-term and may also be described as reversible.</p>
Concerns with proposed mitigation for visual impacts	It is very doubtful that mitigation planting will provide screening in any reasonable timeframe	W20	N	<p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen</p>

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Topic area and consultation response	Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
			<p>prior to this. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
<p>Cultural Heritage</p>	<p>The historic monument of the moated site at Gribthorpe is a significant cultural asset and should have a much larger mitigation area around it, as it is part of the historical landscape and should be possible to view without interruption by solar panels and fencing.</p> <p>A community archaeology project should be funded so that residents can explore the archaeology of the site before it is lost for several generations.</p>	<p>W20</p>	<p>N</p> <p>The medieval moated site at Gribthorpe is within an area of proposed ecological enhancement works, and no panels are proposed within its immediate surroundings. The proposed exclusion area around it is only intended for its physical conservation. This will protect the archaeology of the site by ensuring that no project works occur on or immediately around it. This will mean the moated site will not be physically impacted by the Scheme, and so will not be lost. The project works around the moat will only involve small changes to existing farming patterns to improve habitat for visiting birds.</p> <p>The proposed mitigation can be viewed in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>

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Cultural Heritage	Archaeological surveys are clearly under investigation and will remain so for some time given the huge size at the task! who designates the land of east yorkshire?	W24	N	Archaeological surveys, in the form of desk-based assessment, site walkover surveys, geophysical survey and evaluation trenching have been recently completed. These are used to identify and appropriately manage archaeological assets through the development process. All works are discussed with, and approved by, local authority archaeological advisors prior to commencement. The findings of the archaeological surveys will determine appropriate mitigations, where needed, which will also be agreed in advance with local authority conservation and archaeology officers. More information can be found within Chapter 7 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Cultural Heritage
Cultural Heritage	Not aware from the brochure what this means [for archaeology and heritage].	W12	N	Comment noted. The Applicant presented a summary of the cultural heritage assessment work undertaken at the point of the preparation of the Preliminary Environment Information Report. This is in line with the approach taken on many other consented Nationally Significant Infrastructure Schemes. Chapter 7 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the final assessment on Cultural Heritage.
Site area	Your 'masterplan' is full of what ifs and maybes. It is far too large and even though you told us that you had listened, you went ahead and	W05	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the

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	increased it! Your plan makes no sense and seems very disorganised			proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the changes to the Scheme since Scoping.
Visual impacts	Nothing provided as far as I am aware but this plan will change a rural landscape to an industrial one.	W05	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established to provide an effective screen prior to this. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan

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				[EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts	I think you and people locally have no idea what the impact visually will be.	W10	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the LPAs. The assessment has determined that visual receptors at 10 viewpoints and users of the Howden 20 long distance route will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for a number of viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3] .
Visual impacts	it's too much for the landscape and will have a negative impact to all in the area.	W13	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree

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				<p>planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen prior to Operation Year 15. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on a number of factors including species, soils, climate and exposure.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Landscape and Visual Amenity and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
Visual impacts	Any buildings close by will have their outlook permanently changed	W05	N	<p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assesses the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the LPAs.</p> <p>The assessment has determined that visual receptors at 10 viewpoints and users of the Howden 20 long distance route will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints.</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3] .
Visual impacts	There are fields of full panels with tiny grassland strips apparently protecting properties.	W05	N	The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from properties and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts	It will ruin the views for thousands of walkers and cyclists	W04	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at several identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the LPAs. The assessment has determined that recreational visual receptors at 7 viewpoints and users of the Howden 20 long distance route will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3] .
Visual impacts	make sure screening is correct	W09	N	Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from properties and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts	I think on paper there is quite a large area of landscaping that is proposed. However screening belts in practice take about 10 years to be effective - it's a long time for affected people to look at the acres of glass	W10	N	The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from properties and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on landscape

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				character and visual amenity at Operation Year 15, which follows landscape professional guidance. The proposed mitigation hedgerow planting is likely to become established and provide an effective screen prior to Year 15. Tree planting does take longer to establish to provide an effective screen and it is assessed that by Operation Year 15 the proposed tree planting will have achieved this objective, although there is the potential that the tree planting will have established sufficiently to provide an effective screen prior to Operation Year 15. Timescales for establishment and plant growth is based on several factors including species, soils, climate and exposure. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts	You have made no attempt to do anything about the landscape and views	W05	N	The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting and habitat mitigation and enhancement proposed within the Scheme, including creation of species-rich grassland, enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration key landscape characteristics and views from within the local area and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response	Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)	
			and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).	
Visual impacts	The size of the proposed development would be a massive insult to the east Yorkshire countryside. it would remove a view of east Yorkshire for all residents over 50 years of age!!!	W24	N	<p>The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.</p> <p>The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) illustrates the planting and habitat mitigation and enhancement proposed within the Scheme, including creation of species-rich grassland, enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration key landscape characteristics and views from within the local area and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Visual impacts on properties	Unsightly views 3 sides of our property.	W06	N	The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from properties and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts on properties	Will be surrounded by panels not countryside. Views over farmland/countryside blighted	W19	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the LPAs. The assessment has determined that visual receptors at 10 viewpoints and users of the Howden 20 long distance route will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				[EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3].
Visual impacts on properties	Houses and communities will not want to have their views and the light blocked out by trees and hedges	W12	N	<p>Comment noted. The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assess the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at several identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the LPAs.</p> <p>The assessment has determined that visual receptors at 10 viewpoints and users of the Howden 20 long distance route will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3].</p>
Visual impacts on properties	dominating views for many residential properties	W05	N	<p>The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from properties and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees			
Topic area and consultation response	Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
			Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Visual impacts on properties	In particular my home village of Gribthorpe will continue to be disproportionately affected, it's approach and neighbouring fields being surrounded by solar panels and high security fencing for several miles. The open fields and footpaths provide a valuable local amenity and the enclosure of these by high fencing will impact severely on the mental health and well-being of the local community.	W20	N
			<p>Following the Statutory Consultation, the Applicant's design team considered the feedback provided as well as feedback provided through ongoing engagement with key consultees. The solar PV infrastructure in Solar PV Areas 1g and 1h were removed following discussion with the landowners and feedback regarding the scale of the Scheme. This land is proposed as the Ecology Mitigation Area providing mitigation for Golden Plover and Pink Footed Geese as required by the Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA) [EN010143/APP/7.12]. More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.</p> <p>The Scheme has been designed to avoid any requirement for Public Right of Way (PRoW) to be closed during construction, operation and decommissioning, with additional Permissive Paths proposed to enhance the local PRoW network. The PRoW will be buffered from the perimeter fencing, with fencing being installed a minimum distance of 20 m either side of the centre of the PRoW where solar infrastructure lies to both sides (creating a 40 m wide corridor between the fence lines), or 15 m if solar</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>infrastructure is to one side only. There will be a further 5 m from the perimeter fence to the Solar PV panels. Fencing will be stock proof mesh-type security fence with wooden posts, at a maximum height of 2.2 m.</p> <p>The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Masterplan illustrates the planting proposed within the Scheme, including enhancement of existing hedgerows, new hedgerows and tree and shrub planting. The mitigation design has taken into consideration views from the local area and appropriate planting or offsets from the Solar PV Panels has been designed to reduce adverse impacts. Details are contained in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p> <p>Potential visual effects of the Scheme on PRoW users have been assessed in Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p>
Noise				
Construction noise effects	You will be subjecting residents to noise from traffic, construction (piling and drilling) for (your words) at least 2 years.	W05	N	The proposed site is large and, although construction activities are scheduled for two years, the locations would be continually moving and would not affect any one location for a substantial period of time. The Noise and Vibration assessment has identified noise and vibration effects during the construction phase as temporary and not significant. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration.
Construction noise effects	Very poorly worded question as not clear if related to construction or operation. On both counts any additional noises would be unacceptable to both people and wildlife	W24	N	An assessment of construction noise effects is provided in within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] . No significant effects are identified unless HDD works are required at night, which is unlikely. Mitigation measures on how construction noise would be controlled are provided in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] and secured through the DCO.
Operational noise effects	Until the farm is built nobody knows. If there is noise from tilting panels and infrastructure it will be too late to do anything about it anyway	W10	N	The Applicant has undertaken an assessment of noise emissions from solar farm infrastructure based on maximum sound power levels provided by solar panel manufacturers. No significant effects are identified. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] . Details on how operational noise would be controlled are provide in the Framework OEMP [EN010143/APP/7.8] , and secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] .
Operational noise effects	This makes me very uneasy. We live in a tranquil rural environment - at night it is incredibly quiet. Great concern about noise of construction and of the panels once built.	W05	N	The Applicant has undertaken an assessment of noise emissions from solar farm infrastructure that was undertaken in accordance with guidance in BS 4142:2014+A1:2019. This method accounts for the prevailing soundscape during the night. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration. The assessment is based on worst case principles which assume the noise generating equipment is emitting maximum sound power levels at night; in reality, this is unlikely to be the case for most of the time.
Operational noise effects	Again, little or no information on this but when questioned your reps were reluctant to say there wouldn't be any noise.	W05	N	Since the statutory consultation the Applicant has undertaken an assessment of noise emissions from solar farm infrastructure. No significant effects are identified. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration.
Operational noise effects	I have a friend that already has a solar farm on her doorstep and it's all they can hear! Would you want it on your doorstep.	W13		The Applicant has undertaken an assessment of noise emissions from solar farm infrastructure. No significant effects are identified. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration.
Operational noise effects	Hi, [REDACTED] (or R26 on your documentation) and are very concerned at what the noise levels will be from the Substation which is currently proposed to be placed in the field right opposite our property.	W11	N	Since the statutory consultation the Scheme layout has been adjusted and the substation near R26 has been removed; this can be viewed on Figure 11-2 within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
	Please can you tell me where there is an existing same substation size etc. so we can go and look at it and listen to what it sounds like to give us some idea of what we might expect?			The Applicant is not able to provide an example of equivalent infrastructure as requested by the consultee. Noise contours in Figure 11-2 illustrate how loud the substation will be. The predicted rating noise level (including a 3dB penalty for tonal features) is presented for R26 and is demonstrated to be not significant.
Operational noise effects	Friends live near a site and the noise is horrendous they can hear it 24 hours a day!	W27	N	The Applicant has undertaken an assessment of noise emissions from solar farm infrastructure. No significant effects are identified. More information can be found within Chapter 11 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Noise and Vibration.
Objections to the Scheme				
Objection to the Applicant's conduct	The arrogance and ignorance of the Boom reps was breathtaking	W05	N	Comment noted. The team has done its best to be helpful and polite throughout the process.
Route for the Grid connection	I do not want your solar farm so obviously don't want a grid connection.	W05	N	A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed.
Planning				

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Planning policy	The energy plant will drastically change the local area changing it from that of a rural landscape to one of an industrial development. This is quite contrary to the guidelines outlined in the East Riding Local Plan.	W20	N	<p>The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.</p> <p>The layout of the Solar PV Areas was developed as part of a strategic masterplanning process with the outcome of baseline ecology, landscape and visual, heritage, flood risk and access surveys and consultation feedback influencing this.</p> <p>Provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties, local roads and settlements such as Gribthorpe, Willitof and Spaldington to respond to the existing landscape character and views and to reduce visual impact.</p> <p>Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] provides an assessment of the landscape and visual impacts from the Scheme.</p> <p>The Planning Statement [EN010143/APP/7.2] demonstrates accordance with planning policy.</p>
Impact on utilities	Please accept this email as confirmation that Vodafone: Fixed does not have apparatus within the	Vodafone	N	Comment noted.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
	<p>boundary of your proposed works detailed in the reference/location above.</p> <p>For all future requests please include a 12-digit grid reference and location details within the body of the actual email.</p>			
Other planned local developments	<p>We believe that we have been sent the attached feedback form in our capacity as owner of Doncaster Sheffield Airport. On that basis we do not propose to formally respond to your questionnaire as the airport is not currently operational, although as you may be aware Doncaster Council has passed a resolution considering the use of CPO powers to acquire the land to reopen it.</p>	Doncaster Sheffield Airport Limited	N	Comment noted.
Other planned local developments	<p>The Application for the Drax Bioenergy with Carbon Capture and Storage project was submitted in May last year and accepted for examination in June with Examination due to complete July 17th this year. All of the relevant documentation generated is available to download from the PINS website.</p>	Drax Bioenergy	N	The Application for the Drax Bioenergy with Carbon Capture and Storage project has been considered as a cumulative development. The long list of Cumulative Schemes can be found in Appendix 17-1, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2] .

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Impact on utilities	Proposed Scheme located on Land Northwest of the market tow of Howden, near the villages of Spalding, Brind and Wressle in the administrative area of East Riding of Yorkshire Council. We can confirm that, based on the details provided to us, we have no buried plant or equipment in the identified area.	Equans Energy	N	Comment noted.
Design requirements	Very willing to have a discussion in the first instance to understand your project and information required and potential areas of concern. It is noted that the connection to the substation crosses a number of pieces of critical infrastructure associated with the operation of the power station not least the cooling water pipeline and purge lines back to the River. Any impact on these pipelines would result in the power station coming off load.	Drax Bioenergy	N	Comment noted. The Applicant will continue dialogue with Drax Bioenergy throughout the DCO process. The draft DCO includes protective provisions for electricity undertakers, and the Applicant will negotiate a bespoke set of protective provisions with Drax Bioenergy if required.
Site location				
Concerned about local impacts	I am in favour of solar panels but not to the detriment of people who have chosen to live and work in the countryside.	W12	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme;

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.
Concerned about local impacts	Severe concerns over the drastic changes which will be imposed on the residents of East Yorkshire. It will undoubtedly cause psychological damage/trauma to lose of area and way of life and employment. Rural, agricultural employments along with livelihoods and traditions.	W24	N	A full Environmental Impact Assessment has been undertaken for the Scheme with the assessments reported in technical Chapters 6 to 16 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] .
Concerned about local impacts	This will create disruption to the local area	W25	N	The Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) provides details of the measures that will be in place to mitigate the effect of traffic disruption during the construction period, such as strategic signing and updates to satellite navigation system mapping to encourage road users to use the designated routes. These plans will also include details of permitted and prohibited routes for construction traffic.
Concerned about local impacts	Will destroy the wildlife, views and communities	W26	N	Chapter 8: Ecology, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] presents the findings of an assessment of the likely significant effects of the proposed Scheme on ecology. The chapter identifies and proposes measures to address the potential impacts and likely significant effects of the Scheme on

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>ecology, during the construction, operation, and decommissioning phases of the Scheme.</p> <p>Overall, the Scheme is committed to deliver a net gain in biodiversity. More information can be found within the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment [EN010143/APP/7.11]. Buffers of land between any structures and retained natural features, such as hedgerows, trees, woodland, ponds and rivers are retained and included in the design to protect them during construction. In addition to this, grassland creation, tree planting and enhancement of existing hedgerows will offer habitat and food resources for a range of species.</p> <p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assesses the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the councils. The assessment has determined that there will be some significant effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 (the year the industry guidance requires is assessed), due to the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3].</p> <p>Good industry practice construction methods, as detailed in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) includes implementation of measures to minimise noise, lighting and vibration disturbance and consequently, this will minimise disturbance to a range of species present in adjacent and retained habitats.</p>
Consideration of alternative location	Surely large landowners like [REDACTED] could offer alternative land	W10	N	<p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme. Agreement from landowners for their land to be used for solar development and minimising the number of landowners affected by the Scheme, were key requirements of the Applicant's approach to selection of the Solar PV Areas. The Applicant has therefore identified land within the refined area of search for the Solar PV Site which has a small number of land interests who have offered their land for the Scheme.</p>

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				Additional land offered by landowners at the non-statutory consultation stage has also been considered.
Consideration of alternative location	This to be in an area where there is no impact to residents and wildlife	W27	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments. A full Environmental Impact Assessment has been undertaken for the Scheme with the assessments detailing the likely environmental effects reported in technical Chapters 6 to 16 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] , in particular Chapter 8: Ecology, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] .
Human Health	The panels are far too close to people homes especially as there is so little evidence on the long term effects.	W04	N	Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely impacts and effects of the Scheme. No significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment. As set out in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] , the provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties has been incorporated into the design of the Scheme. Also, the impacts of Electric and Electro-magnetic fields are

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response	Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)	
			demonstrated to be not significant and have therefore not required a separate chapter, see section 16.8 of Chapter 16: Other Environmental Topics (Electric and Electro-magnetic Fields), ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] .	
Human Health	You state in your latest documentation that this development will have no negative affect on health of residents, this is simply not true, this development is causing and will continue to cause a great deal of stress which will directly impact on residents' health. This should be recognised by Boom.	W20	N	Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely impacts and effects of the Scheme. No significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment.
Human Health	We are literally on the corridor according to your maps with a wife at home terminally ill the stress, dust and disruption is completely unacceptable and she would not be able to use our garden to help with her continued well being,	W27	N	Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely impacts and effects of the Scheme and considers the different sensitivities of more vulnerable sub-populations. No significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment.
Human Health	The potential to be harmful for glare, noise, construction is very concerning.	W24	N	Glint and glare effects are assessed in Chapter 16: Other Environmental Topics, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] . Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely effects of the Scheme, including its effect on human health as a result of noise. No

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment.
Location of substation	Rowlandhall Farm has far more suitable easy access & line of sight for large vehicles and as one of the main beneficiaries of the solar farm we feel it would be only fair for them to have the substation sited on their side of the land rather than several properties not involved in the scheme having to look and listen to this installation.	W11	N	A revised access location off of Rowlandhall Lane is proposed to reduce impact of construction vehicles accessing the Solar PV Areas new Rowlandhall Farm. The substation previously proposed in Solar PV Area to the north of the railway is no longer being part of the Scheme proposals. Following consideration of feedback at Statutory Consultation, the substations are now located in Solar PV Area 1c. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] describes the design evolution in relation to the Scheme.
Location of substation	I understand Rowlandhall farm is a listed property & has to be 'protected' but the substation could still be sited hundreds of meters away along with a much safer service road.	W11	N	Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme. Chapter 7 Cultural Heritage [EN10143/APP/6.1] considers the effects on listed buildings. Rowland Hall Grade II listed building (1083172) is listed and located approximately 99 m south of the Grid Connection Corridor but Rowlandhall farm building is not listed.
Proximity to existing grid connection	Why so far from Drax?	W06	N	Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Proximity to properties	Entirely inappropriate for this area, this will destroy the quality of life for so many people by surrounding homes and complete settlements.	W04	N	<p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.</p> <p>More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.</p> <p>The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assesses the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the councils. The assessment has determined that some visual receptors will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1 reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 (the required assessment year) as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				[EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3] .
Proximity to properties	I stated on the first feedback form that solar panels were too near some houses namely Wood Farm, Gribthorpe, Beech Tree Farm, Newsholme.	W10	N	<p>The Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] has assessed the range of potential effects at these receptors and describes how the design has evolved following comments at statutory consultation. As set out in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1], the provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties has been incorporated into the design of the Scheme.</p> <p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.</p> <p>The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) presents the proposed landscape screening.</p>
Proximity to properties	too close to small communities at Gribthorpe and Brind (Wood Farm)	W12	N	The Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] has assessed the range of potential effects at these receptors and describes how the design has evolved

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>following comments at statutory consultation. As set out in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1], the provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties has been incorporated into the design of the Scheme.</p> <p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.</p> <p>The Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) presents the proposed landscape screening.</p>
Socio-economics and Land use				
Concerns over potential rise in crime	and about the potential for crime (stealing copper, precious metals from the panels).	W05		<p>The Scheme incorporates fencing and various security measures such as motion sensor lighting at the Grid Connection Substations and CCTV which will mitigate against the risk of criminal activity. These measures are described in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Disagreement on land use	This land needs to be used to provide food for humans and animals.	W05	N	<p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.</p> <p>The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land (as the Scheme will be decommissioned) and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.</p>
Disagreement on land use	Strongly disagree with proposal to use productive agricultural land on such a massive scale.	W24	N	<p>A Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] accompanies the DCO Application and sets out a detailed and compelling case as to why the Scheme is urgently required at the scale and location proposed. Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] describes the consideration of alternatives and design evolution in relation to the Scheme.</p> <p>The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.
Impact on market value of properties	House prices/Business prices will drop.	W06	N	The Applicant is not aware of any firm research which indicates that the proximity of Solar developments depress or devalue property prices. The Scheme has been carefully designed to minimise visual impacts and includes an abundance of new planting, as explained in Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Impact on market value of properties	property prices devalued.	W19	N	The Applicant is not aware of any firm research which indicates that Solar developments depress or devalue property prices.
Impact on market value of properties	house prices will be negatively affected	W13	N	The Applicant is not aware of any firm research which indicates that Solar developments depress or devalue property prices.
Impact on market value of properties	(and although I know this is not a planning consideration) will almost certainly affect house prices.	W05	N	The Applicant is not aware of any firm research which indicates that Solar developments depress or devalue property prices.

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Impact on market value of properties	the impact is huge also to house prices in the area having just spent the last 3 years renovating our house we would be lucky to recover any costs we have spent!	W27	N	The Applicant is not aware of any firm research which indicates that Solar developments depress or devalue property prices.
Soils and Agricultural Land				
Impacts on food security	This land is currently producing the best crops ever and in this time of food shortages we need to preserve every acre for food production.	W04	N	The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land (as the Scheme will be decommissioned) and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land
Impacts on food security	It is all currently used to grow crops with some of the highest wheat yields in the UK.	W05	N	The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land (as the Scheme will be decommissioned) and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land
Impacts on food security	It is a nonsense to suggest that this land is non productive. Food security is a serious issue for us all.	W05	N	Existing agricultural capability is recognised; the Applicant accepts that the land is productive as suggested by the Agricultural Land Classification

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>surveys, although the majority of the site is not classed as Best and Most Versatile land. The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land (as the Scheme will be decommissioned) and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.</p> <p>The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] notes that the UK Food Security Report 2021 acknowledges the biggest threat to food security is climate change, which the Scheme provides a positive contribution to by avoiding fossil fuel combustion for energy generation.</p>
Impacts on food security	the land should be used for food	W04	N	<p>The PV site is non-permanent development of agricultural land (as the Scheme will be decommissioned) and soil health will be preserved. Grassland will be established, which can be used for sheep grazing and habitat enhancement. More information can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land</p>
Impacts on food security	Potential loss of over 10,000 tons of grain production!	W24	N	<p>In terms of food security, the reduction in grain onsite represents a very small proportion of total UK wheat and barley production which, in 2021, produced a</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				harvest of more than 21 million tonnes (UK Government figures). More information on the reversible conversion of arable land to grassland can be found within Chapter 15 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Soils and Agricultural Land.
Livestock grazing	You are just paying Lip Service to this topic. How will grass be established for sheep to graze on?	W12	N	Details relating to habitat creation and management can be viewed in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]). The Applicant has commissioned an independent consultant to review the feasibility of sheep grazing on the grassland beneath solar panels, this has shown it is feasible for sheep to graze on the land. More detail is contained within the Grazing Feasibility Study, Appendix 2-1, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2] .
Support for the Scheme				
Support for solar power	Green energy must be better!	W15	N	Comment noted. The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments.
The Scheme				
Case for the Scheme	If these were built on roofs instead of farms the grid connection would not be necessary.	W04	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the reasons for the Scheme being a need for large scale ground mounted solar generation within sections 3 and 4. It is not considered that small scale generation is an alternative to the Scheme but complements it.
Concerns over battery energy storage systems	I am also VERY concerned about lack of information about BESS; about the size of the panels	W05	Y	Comment noted. The BESS proposals have been removed from the Scheme since the Statutory Consultation.
Community Benefit fund	We have seen these projects promise the earth on development before and they always seem to never do what is promised to the community they damage.	W13	N	The draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1] will be a legal document that the Applicant must adhere to. The framework environmental management plans [EN010143/APP/7.13, EN010143/APP/7.14, EN010143/APP/7.15, EN010143/APP/7.7, EN010143/APP/7.8, and EN010143/APP/7.9] include the mitigation measures derived from the EIA. The final plans must be in accordance with the framework management plans and be approved the council. The Applicant has undertaken a full Environmental Impact Assessment has been undertaken for the Scheme with the assessments detailing the likely

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>environmental effects reported in technical Chapters 6 to 16 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1]. The proposed mitigation, can be viewed in the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p> <p>The Applicant is exploring the use of a community benefit fund as part of the Scheme and aims to work with local organisations that will best spend the money to support the community. During Statutory Consultation, responses were sought on causes which the fund might support. There may be opportunities to fund projects which have a specific focus on education or skills, or which inform young people, workers, local residents and visitors about the Scheme more generally.</p>
Concerns with duration of construction	This process will go on for at least 2 years	W04	N	<p>Subject to being granted consent and following a final investment decision, the earliest construction could start is in 2025. Construction of the Grid Connection Cables is anticipated to require 12 months, whereas the target construction period for the solar farm is 24 months. This is set out in the Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.7] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Impacts on existing grid connections	Does it require nat.grid to Drax to upgrade / enlarge their ability to enable connection	W16	N	National Grid will need to carry out some minor works at their site to enable the connection; this may be sufficiently minor to not constitute enlarging or upgrading the site. The access locations for the Solar PV Site, Interconnecting Cable Corridor and Grid Connection Corridor are included in the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Longevity of the Scheme design	I am also concerned that technology will move forward rapidly thereby making these panels obsolete and redundant.	W12	N	The Application has sought to apply for flexibility that allows for enhancements in technology prior to construction, such as bi facial panels and more efficient panels. This is described in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] .
Scheme design	Apparently there is to be works carried out in Newsholme but this is only shown as proposed permissive path. Please provide more information	W12	N	The site access off Rowlandhall Lane into Solar PV Area 3c will only be used at construction and decommissioning. During the operational phase of the Scheme access to Solar PV Area 3c will use the access through Newsholme village (this access will not be used at construction or decommissioning). Use of the Newsholme village access during operation will largely be restricted to access by site staff and maintenance workers with vehicles using this route being no larger than a van or LGV. The access can accommodate tractor-trailers, but use by this size of vehicle would be very infrequent, likely restricted to panel cleaning operations which would be undertaken every two years as a worst case. Tractor access would

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				also be required for grass cutting within the Solar PV Site if grazing is not undertaken. More information can be found within Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] .
Scheme design	An increase in distance from footpaths and local roads to fencing to 50m each side, with no panels within 250m of homes.	W20	N	As set out in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] , the provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties has been incorporated into the design of the Scheme.
Scheme design	Additional screening to cover all footpaths and local roads, many of which are unscreened in the current plans.	W20	N	The Landscape and Visual Amenity Assessment assesses the impact of the Scheme on visual amenity at a number of identified viewpoints that were agreed in consultation with the councils. The assessment has determined that some visual receptors will experience significant adverse effects during Operation Year 1, reducing to not significant at Operation Year 15 (the required assessment year) as a result of the establishment of proposed mitigation, enhancement and replacement planting and the management of existing hedgerows. Photomontages of the Scheme have been provided for several viewpoints. More information can be found within Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual Amenity, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and Photomontage Figures 10-30 to 10-55, ES Volume 3 [EN010143/APP/6.3] , as well as the Framework Landscape and Ecological Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.14] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Site area	Too large	W12	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments. More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.
Site area	I am in favour of solar in principle but feel the scale of this project is just too large.	W10	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments. More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.
Site area	I like green energy but this solar farm is too big.	W10	N	The Statement of Need [EN010143/APP/7.1] explains the need for the development of large-scale solar generation, demonstrates why the Scheme is

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				urgently needed at the scale proposed; why the proposed location is highly suitable for such a scheme; and how the Scheme also addresses all relevant aspects of established and emerging government energy and climate change policy and commitments. More information can be found within Chapter 3: Alternatives and Design Evolution, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Alternatives and Design Evolution.
Transport and Access				
Access to the development from nearby residences	From the maps in your correspondence the access seems to run down the side of our house on. Small single access lane which is unsuitable and clearly the wrong side of the river for the development. PLEASE GIVE US CLARIFICATION	W13	N	In this location construction traffic will be confined to the A63, not using this access lane. Further details of traffic routing are provided within the figures provided as part of the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Concerns about public access	It is over ambitious and will be completely engulfing a number of small villages & hamlets; encroaching on footpaths and bridleways (eg. Howden 20) used by local communities and those from further away;	W05	N	As noted in the assessment on Transport and Access, Chapter 13 within the ES Public Rights of Way (PRoW) within the Solar PV Site will have maintained access within the Solar PV Site throughout construction with minor diversions, separating PRoW from working areas by installing perimeter fencing as the first phase of construction (see Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1]). The Interconnecting Cables or and Grid Connection Cables would only be impacted during the short-term

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				trenching and restoration operations, and will be managed with traffic management measures where necessary. Routes may be temporarily slightly altered, e.g., moving footpaths from one side of a road to the other or making small diversions around crossings. Under a worst-case scenario, if any PRoWs require diversion, these will be short-term in duration. Further information on PRoW is presented in Chapter 2: the Scheme and Chapter 12: Socio-economics and Land Use, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] as well as the Framework Public Rights of Way Management Plan [EN010143/APP/7.13] (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).As set out in Chapter 2: The Scheme, ES Volume 1 [EN10143/APP/6.1] , the provision of offsets/buffer zones from residential properties has been incorporated into the design of the Scheme.
Concerns regarding knowledge of staff at consultation events	Again your clueless reps didn't seem to know about traffic or even that all the roads involved are single track. Have they even been to the proposed site? I doubt it	W05	N	Measures including HGV Routing, the use of internal routes and turning places within the Order limits are set out in the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) that aim to mitigate adverse effects on the road links during construction. There has also been an update in assessment since the PEIR stage, meaning adverse effects are expected on one road link only (see Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1]).

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				A site visit was conducted by the Applicant's Transport and Access Consultants on the 3 rd of November 2022 to assess the baseline conditions within the Study Area.
Concerns with construction route viability	Talking to your traffic consultant at your last presentation regarding Beech tree Farm access track to Newsholme park it is clear he had not really thought about taking articulated lorries through Newsholme village and up the track - it is crazy.	W10	N	The plans for the routing of construction vehicles have been developed further since the statutory consultation. The detail of the updated routing is provided in the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Current condition of local roads	The roads in this area are totally inadequate and are in a bad state of repair	W04	N	Pre and post construction road condition surveys will be undertaken at identified locations in coordination with the Local Highway Authority. The requirements for surveys will be developed further as part of the ongoing discussions with the highway authority during the DCO examination process. Damage will be repaired to at least the condition of the pre-construction surveys. Further details of other measures are also included within Chapter 5 of the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Current condition of local roads and	I also think the two year construction will become stressful and our local	W10	N	Pre and post construction road condition surveys will be undertaken at identified locations in coordination with the Local Highway Authority. The requirements for surveys will be developed further as part of the

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
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degradation caused by construction vehicles	roads will become more damaged than they already are.			<p>ongoing discussions with the highway authority during the DCO examination process. Damage will be repaired to at least the condition of the pre-construction surveys. Further details of other measures are also included within Chapter 5 of the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p> <p>The health effects of the Scheme are considered at a population level. Section 14.7 of Chapter 14: Human Health, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] assesses the likely impacts and effects of the Scheme including relating to air quality, noise and neighbourhood amenity. No significant human health effects have been identified in the assessment.</p>
Current condition of local roads and degradation caused by construction vehicles	The roads cannot cope with heavy traffic. They have already been damaged by overweight farm vehicles	W12	N	<p>Pre and post construction road condition surveys will be undertaken at identified locations in coordination with the Local Highway Authority. The requirements for surveys will be developed further as part of the ongoing discussions with the highway authority during the DCO examination process. Damage will be repaired to at least the condition of the pre-construction surveys. Further details of other measures are also included within Chapter 5 of the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2])</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				(this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Current condition of local roads and degradation caused by construction vehicles	Prevent any HGV traffic on small local roads such as Tottering Lane and the road through Gribthorpe, these roads are narrow, in poor repair and their foundations are unsuitable for HGVs. The road through Gribthorpe should not be used for deliveries at any time during the construction and lifetime of the solar plant.	W20	N	<p>During the construction period, usage of the roads in Gribthorpe would be limited to tractor-trailer vehicles crossing the road between field accesses into the Order Limits. Other roads in Gribthorpe will not be used. These vehicles are similar to the agricultural vehicles currently using the road network and are anticipated to be approximately 12 m in length.</p> <p>Tottering Lane will need to be used for the delivery of up to ten AIL vehicles for delivery of the 33kV/132kV transformers to the Grid Connection Substations in Solar PV Area 1c.</p> <p>Pre and post construction road condition surveys will be undertaken at identified locations in coordination with the Local Highway Authority. The requirements for surveys will be developed further as part of the examination.</p> <p>Details of updated routing is also provided in the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Impacts on traffic	There are plenty of inhabited areas in North Yorkshire this will put a strain on road	W13	N	<p>A full assessment of the impacts of traffic on local roads during the construction phase has been provided within the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]). This assessment indicated that impacts during the peak hours and at other times during the day would be minimal. Where necessary, measures will be introduced to reduce the impacts of traffic where any issues have been identified.</p> <p>Measures are recommended within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) and Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).</p>
Impacts on traffic	To be honest you have done nothing about traffic mitigation. We have been given no detail about your intentions in this area.	W05	N	<p>A full assessment of the impacts of traffic on local roads during the construction phase has been provided within the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]). This assessment indicated that impacts during the peak hours and at other times during the day would be minimal. Where necessary, measures will be introduced to reduce the impacts of traffic where any issues have been identified.</p> <p>Details are provided within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured</p>

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Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) and Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).
Impacts on traffic	I think traffic proposals are unrealistic considering the single track beautiful roads & verges we have in our surrounding area.	W10	N	<p>A full assessment of the impacts of traffic on local roads during the construction phase has been provided within the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) and the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p> <p>Pre and post construction road condition surveys will be undertaken at identified locations in coordination with the Local Highway Authority. The requirements for surveys will be developed further as part of the examination.</p> <p>Local off-site highway improvements (e.g. verge maintenance) would be introduced where required to support HGV movements).</p>
Impacts on traffic	It's on my doorstep and already a busy road	W13	N	<p>The impact along the A63 has been reassessed since the PEI Report and is deemed to have negligible adverse effects as set out in Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).</p> <p>Details of how construction traffic will be managed is included within the Framework Construction Traffic</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).
Impacts on traffic	Traffic on the small roads for 2 years	W06	N	<p>A full assessment of the impacts of traffic on local roads during the construction phase has been provided within the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]). This assessment indicated that impacts during the peak hours and at other times during the day would be minimal. Where necessary, measures will be introduced to reduce the impacts of traffic where any issues have been identified.</p> <p>Details of how construction traffic will be managed are provided within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>
Impacts on traffic	the proposal recognises the adverse effect on traffic but proposes NO detailed solutions, more likes adversely affected from start!	W24	N	<p>Measures that aim to mitigate adverse effects during construction are recommended within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]). There has also been an update in assessment since the PEIR stage, meaning adverse effects are expected on one road link only (see Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1]).</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Impacts on traffic	<p>Ridiculous and making an already busy road a63 even more dangerous than it already is, having two daughter that use the road regularly it's a frightening scenario of more lorries and traffic, vans workers all causing disruption and pollution to our beautiful area!</p> <p>There is already too much fast traffic and heavy lorries on our roads and our lane would not withstand further use by heavy machines.</p>	W27	N	<p>The impact along the A63 has been reassessed since the PEI Report and is deemed to have negligible adverse effects as set out in Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] and the Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).</p>
Potential for accidents	<p>Furthermore the proposed access road and close proximity to the level crossing we feel is totally unsuitable and dangerous. It is a blind spot which could cause serious accidents or death to pedestrians or other road users. It's dangerous as it is now without adding further traffic and service roads.</p> <p>Furthermore, the proposed access road for construction/maintenance traffic is in very close proximity to the hump back level crossing (it's not flat) which is totally unsuitable and dangerous. It is a blind spot and you can't see what's on the other side until</p>	W11	N	<p>Details of how construction traffic will be managed are included within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) along with an assessment of previous recorded accidents and the impact of this in Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1].</p> <p>The Applicant has undertaken a road safety review as part of the development of the transport assessment of the Scheme- this considers historic accident data at key junctions in the Scheme area. Based on the information available the Personal Incident Collision data provided did not show incidents occurring frequently at any particular location. More information can be found within Chapter 13 within Volume 1 of the</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
	you are on top of the crossing. Its a busy 90mph railway mainline with only a 20 second warning of oncoming trains. Also, a 60mph single track lane which is dangerous enough as it is now without adding further traffic and a badly placed entrance immediately next to the level crossing.			Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Transport and Access.
Potential for accidents	The area needs to be resurveyed and these points taken into consideration as obviously nobody has thought about the location of the crossing and the danger it will cause	W11	N	The Applicant has undertaken a road safety review as part of the development of the transport assessment of the Scheme- this considers historic accident data at key junctions in the scheme area. Based on the information available the Personal Incident Collision data provided did not show incidents occurring frequently at any particular location. More information can be found within Chapter 13 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Transport and Access.
Potential for accidents	increase volume of traffic and traffic risk to local residents	W25	N	Details of how construction traffic will be managed is included within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) along with an assessment of previous recorded accidents and the impact of the increase in traffic in Chapter 13: Transport and Access, ES Volume 1 [EN010143/APP/6.1] .

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
Site Access for construction traffic	<p>Please can you also add this to our objection note :-</p> <p>The other point we'd like to make re the proposed SS access point is that the single track lane is actually a 60 mph speed limit. So not only would there be no vision if anyone comes up over the hump back level crossing (it's not a flat one) they also come over very fast and it would be dangerous.</p> <p>Would you be approaching the Highways to get the speed limit reduced if it goes ahead??</p> <p>Thank you</p>	W11	N	<p>The Applicant has undertaken a road safety review as part of the development of the transport assessment of the Scheme- this considers historic accident data at key junctions in the Scheme area. Based on the information available the Personal Incident Collision data provided did not show incidents occurring frequently at any particular location. More information can be found within Chapter 13 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the assessment on Transport and Access.</p> <p>Details around how traffic will be managed during the construction period are provided within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]) and Transport Assessment (Appendix 13-4, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]).</p>
Site Access for construction traffic	Access via Beech Farm in Newsholme with artic lorries is ridiculous	W10	N	<p>During the operational phase of the Scheme access to Solar PV Area 3c will use the access through Newsholme village (this access will not be used at construction or decommissioning). Use of the Newsholme village access during operation will largely be restricted to access by site staff and maintenance workers with vehicles using this route being no larger than a van or LGV. The access can accommodate tractor-trailers, but use by this size of vehicle would be very infrequent, likely restricted to panel cleaning</p>

Statutory consultation under Section 42(1)(d) of the Planning Act 2008 with Prescribed Consultees				
Topic area and consultation response		Prescribed Consultee(s)	Change (Y/N)	The Applicant's response (including the regard had to the consultation response)
				<p>operations which would be undertaken every two years as a worst case. Tractor access would also be required for grass cutting within the Solar PV Site if grazing is not undertaken. More information can be found within Chapter 2 within Volume 1 of the Environmental Statement [EN010143/APP/6.1] which describes the Scheme.</p> <p>Details of how construction traffic will be managed is included within the Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (Appendix 13-5, ES Volume 2 [EN010143/APP/6.2]) (this is secured in the draft DCO [EN010143/APP/3.1]).</p>

